

# LATAM POLITICAL CALENDAR - 2022

## KEY EVENTS TO BE CONSIDERED

### March 13th Legislative Election

All seats in the House of Representatives (188) and the Senate (108) will be at stake in the legislative elections. The presidential candidate who obtains the second place in the May elections will get a seat in the Senate and his or her running partner will be guaranteed a seat in the House of Representatives.

### May 29th Presidential Election

Colombia will vote for a new president in May. If a second round is needed, it would take place on June 19th.

### October 2nd Regional Election

Peru will elect regional and municipal authorities for the period 2023-2026..

### March 11th Presidential Oath

The new president, the members of the national executive and representatives and senators will take office.

### September 2022 Referendum

Chile will determine whether to approve or reject the text of a **New Constitution** drafted by the Constituent Convention, laying the new foundations for the next government.

### June 5th Regional Elections

Mexico: On June 5, the citizens of Aguascalientes, Durango, Hidalgo, Oaxaca, Tamaulipas and Quintana Roo will elect their new governor.

### February 6th General Elections

Costa Rica will elect president and 57 Representatives to the Legislative Assembly. 25 political parties will be competing in the presidential and 36 in the legislative elections.

### October 2nd General Election

Brazil will face general elections this year. The competition will be for the positions of President, Senators, Governors, Federal and State Representatives. There is a strong criticism against the electronic voting system.

### March 27th LUC Referendum

Uruguay. The Urgent Consideration Law would represent the backbone of President Lacalle Pou's administration. **The referendum will be a key test for the ruling coalition.**

### First quarter 2022 IMF debt negotiations

Argentina is negotiating an agreement to postpone payments currently scheduled for January, February and March.

## LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITY (Ordinary Sessions)

### ARGENTINA

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 1 to November 30.**

### BRAZIL

- Ordinary Sessions from **February 2 to July 17 and from August 1 to December 22.**

### COLOMBIA

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 16 to June 20 and from July 20 to December 16.**

### DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

- Ordinary Sessions do not have a determined period.

### EL SALVADOR

- Ordinary Sessions in Assembly begin **May 1**

### HONDURAS

- Ordinary Sessions from **January 25 to October 31**

### PANAMÁ

- Ordinary Sessions from **September 1 to December 31 and from March 1 to June 30.**

### PERU

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 1 to June 15 and from July 27 to December 15.**

### BOLIVIA

- House of Representatives: **January 17 to March 17 and from August 8 to October 8.**
- Senate: **January 17 to March 17 and from August 22 to October 22.**

### CHILE

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 16 to June 20 and from July 20 to December 16.**

### COSTA RICA

- Ordinary Sessions from **May 1 to July 31 and from September 1 to November 30.**

### ECUADOR

- Ordinary Sessions in Assembly begin **January 5 and do not have a determined period.**

### GUATEMALA

- Ordinary Sessions in Assembly begin **January 14**

### MEXICO

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 15 to April 30 and from September 1 and December 15.**

### PARAGUAY

- Ordinary Sessions from **July 1 to December 21 and from March 1 to June 30.**

### URUGUAY

- Ordinary Sessions from **March 1 to December 15**