#ArgentinaElection2019 **Electoral Platforms**

Juntos por el Cambio



MIGUEL ÁNGEL PICHETTO PRECANDIDATOS A PRESIDENTE Y VICEPRESIDENTE DE LA NACIÓN

Frente de Todos



Alberto Cristina Fernández de Kirchner

Consenso Federal



ROBERTO LAVAGNA JUAN MANUEL URTUBEY

- Enduring a prudent monetary policy that will allow the gradual deceleration of inflation and reach a **budget** balance.
- Maintaining a competitive and floating exchange rate.
- Continuing with the searching of international investments for the country, at the time that a budget reform is carried out to reduce tax pressure.

Economic development

ECONOMY

- Boosting the growth of the economy and production - in particular, of the industrial activity – as a starting point for the generation of employment and the recovery of the purchase power of wages and pensions.
- Generating a foreign exchange surplus to face the external debt maturities of the coming years.
- Protecting the domestic industry at expense of foreing imports.

Integral Development Project

- Redefining the economic program to step back from the adjustment policy and expand the potentiality of the human and natural resources of the country.
- Generating conditions to promote productive investment.
- Strengthening the internal market and improving the foreign commerce.
- Reactivating the economy through the creation of incentives for SMEs.



Considering the international insertion

Import substitution

Integrating Argentina to the world with

Articulate with national interest

Finding a middle zone b

- as an opportunity,
- Looking forward to concrete the entry to the OECD and reach free trade agreements with other blocks or states, similar to the one reached with the European Union.
- Accelerating the world insertion increasing exports.
- Giving the productive sector more competitive tools to be more dynamic internationally.
- a pragmatic look that meets the interests of the local industry and workers.
- Implementing productive development policies that prioritize projects that generates an increase in exports and substitutes imports in a genuine way.
- Promoting effective currency savings and implementation of new productive and technological practices.
- "indiscriminate openness" and "isolationism".
- Promoting a National strategy that articulates the National interest and defense of Argentine production and international culturalism.

EMPLOYMENT

Modern Labor Legislation

- Generating a modern labor legislation to facilitate the creation of formal jobs and prepare the country for the global technological changes.
- Lowering labor taxes and reducing extra-salary costs to increase competitiveness.

A reform is not necessary

- Re-Introducing the National Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security,
- Reconstituting the real salary in a dialogue space, promoting the Council of the Minimum Vital and Mobile Salary.
- Endorsing the reactivation of consumption and productivity. A labor reform would not be a priority

Reform when economy improve

- Carrying out a laboral reform only once the economy is underway, within the framework of a new development process.
- Discouraging a laboral reform. The reform should not touch the acquired rights and would be focused on generating more employment

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TAX REFORM

- Stabilizing the macroeconomic situation at a general level continuing gradually with the reduction of taxes.
- Reducing withholdings to agriculture once the economical situation improves.

Incentives to investment

- Aligning the tax system with the objective of reactivating the economy.
- Giving greater incentives for • investment, production and employment.
- Controlling income tax as it not should remain the same for large companies and SMEs.

Tax Reduction

- Reducing tax pressure in the private sector, as considered one of the main brakes for the growth of the economy.
- Eliminating income tax for the lower scales and making changes to the higher ones.

TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION

- Strengthening links between the business and the scientifictechnological community to achieve the creation of more companies that will transform national talent into qualified goods and services.
- Continuing the promotion of the entrepreneurial community in order to achieve a more marked innovation.
- Enduring the Knowledge Economy development.

Revitalization

- Recovering the Science and Technology system, thinking about new public policies for research and development activities.
- Ensuring the area of science and technology within the Executive Branch.
- Reconstituting the salary of researchers, while giving more opportunities to young people.

Promote science

Promoting activities around science and new technologies, as well as the development of young entrepreneurs from the opening of a wider institutional space in the public sector.

AGROINDUSTRY

Add value to raw materials

- Protecting the agribusiness which is the great engine of the country,.
- Adding value to the agro-export • sector.
- Continuing with the opening of • international markets for the insertion of ational products.

Protect regional economies

- Balancing withholdings to the agricultural sector, in order to guaranting the care of regional economies and small producers.
- Deepening of **federalism** from the • promotion of regional economies.

Taking advantage of the **benefits** generated in sectors that already have competitive advantages, such as agribusiness, to promote a solid production system that transforms raw materials into products with high added value.

LINKS TO ELECTORAL PLATFORMS

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